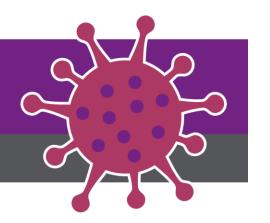
## **CO**RONA**VI**RUS **D**ISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)

**Protect Your Personal Devices, Your Home and Our Network From Cyber-Attacks** 





Audience: All Colleagues

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Protect Your Personal Devices, Your Home and Our Network From Cyber-Attacks

Among the many challenges we are all now faced with, attacks by cybercriminals have increased tremendously. There has never been a more critical time to protect your home, personal devices and our network, from cyber-attacks involving malware and viruses. Below are some helpful security measures that all of us should take, especially colleagues accessing the Trinity Health network with their personal devices.

## Secure your personal devices (PCs, laptops, tablets, phones)

- Install reputable antivirus and malware software. It may be available from your Internet Service Provider (ISP) for free. Scan your devices for malware and viruses regularly. Make it a habit.
- Update your device Operating System (OS) software and stay current. These updates
  frequently provide patches to protect your device and information from recently known
  cyberthreats.
- **Use network firewalls.** Firewalls are a frontline defense to prevent cybercriminals from accessing your devices and information.
- Back up your important personal information offline to an external hard drive or in the cloud. You may be really glad you did this at some point.
- Set strong passwords. Consider using a password manager application.
- Enable multi-factor authentication (MFA) for your key accounts, like banking apps and peer-to-peer payment apps. This added layer of security hinders thieves from tampering with your financial accounts.
- Use device encryption to make your personal information nearly impossible to crack.
- Turn your devices off when not in use. Cybercriminals have a tough time doing something with systems that are turned off. This also creates a reboot which may assist antivirus software to attack malware.

## Secure your home router

- **Update router software regularly.** Like your devices, these software updates frequently provide patches for the latest protection needed.
- Update the manufacturer default name and password if you're still using them. This
  information is often known and used by cybercriminals.
- Set a strong password on your router. Everything that cybercriminals might attack needs a complex password.
- Turn off remote access management. This hinders unwanted access to your router configurations from anywhere in the world.
- Lock down Wi-Fi access. Set the Security level to WPA2.

Note that securely setting your router can vary slightly by manufacturer. Consider doing a web search that includes your router manufacturer name. You'll immediately have a tailored list of the exact, easy steps to follow.

For other Information Security questions or requests email **Ask Cybersecurity**.

